



Publications approval reference: PRN00762

COVID-19 vaccine (adults) Patient Group Direction

This Patient Group Direction (PGD) is for the administration of COVID-19 vaccines to individuals 18 years and over, in accordance with the national COVID-19 vaccination programme.

This PGD is for the administration of COVID-19 vaccine by registered healthcare practitioners identified in [Section 3](#).

The national COVID-19 vaccination programme may also be provided under national protocol or on a patient specific basis (that is by or on the direction of an appropriate independent prescriber). Supply and administration in these instances are not covered by this PGD.

Reference no: COVID-19 vaccine (adults) PGD
Version no: v2.00
Valid from: 7 September 2023
Expiry date: 1 April 2024

The UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) has developed this PGD for authorisation by NHS England (NHSE) to facilitate the delivery of the national COVID-19 vaccination programme.

NHSE and those providing services in accordance with this PGD must not alter, amend or add to the clinical content of this document (sections 3, 4, 5 and 6); such action will invalidate the clinical sign-off with which it is provided. [Section 2](#) may be amended only by the person(s) authorising the PGD, in accordance with Human Medicines Regulations 2012 (HMR2012)¹ [Schedule 16 Part 2](#), on behalf of NHSE. [Section 7](#) is to be completed by registered practitioners providing the service and their authorising manager.

Operation of this PGD is the responsibility of NHSE and service providers. The final authorised copy of this PGD should be kept by NHSE for 8 years after the PGD expires. Provider organisations adopting authorised versions of this PGD should also retain copies for the period specified above.

Individual registered practitioners must be authorised by name to work according to the current version of this PGD by signing section 7. A manager with the relevant level of authority should also provide a countersignature, unless there are contractual arrangements for self-declaration.

Providers must check that they are using the current version of the PGD. Amendments may become necessary prior to the published expiry date. Current versions of UKHSA developed COVID-19 vaccine PGDs can be found via: [COVID-19 vaccination programme](#).

The most current national recommendations should be followed. This may mean that a Patient Specific Direction (PSD) is required to administer the vaccine in line with updated recommendations that are outside the criteria specified in this PGD. Any concerns regarding the content of this PGD should be addressed to: immunisation@ukhsa.gov.uk.


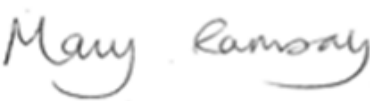

¹ This includes any relevant amendments to legislation

Change history

| Version | Change details | Date |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| V01.00 | New UKHSA combined (adults) COVID-19 vaccine PGD to support delivery of the COVID-19 vaccination programme to eligible individuals aged 18 years old and over. | 27 March 2023 |
| V02.00 | <p>UKHSA COVID-19 vaccine (adults) PGD updated to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • include eligible cohorts for the Autumn 2023 campaign • include the recommended COVID-19 vaccines for the Autumn 2023 campaign • include a recommended interval of 3 months between doses • recommend a minimum 3 week interval between doses for individuals receiving planned immunosuppressive treatment (changed from minimum interval recommended in the product SPC) • include updated storage conditions for Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (50 micrograms/50 micrograms)/ml dispersion for injection • remove designation of dosing schedule as primary and booster doses, in line with Chapter 14a • remove recommendation of 3 primary doses for severely immunosuppressed individuals • recommend VidPrevtyn Beta® for previously unvaccinated individuals aged 75 years and over and as an alternative for those aged 18 years and over where an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine is not considered clinically suitable, including for severely immunosuppressed individuals | 5 September 2023 |

1. PGD development

This PGD has been developed by the following health professionals on behalf of the UKHSA:

| Developed by: | Name | Signature | Date |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Pharmacist (Lead Author) | Christina Wilson Lead Pharmacist - Immunisation Services, Immunisation and Vaccine Preventable Diseases Division, UKHSA |  | 4 September 2023 |
| Doctor | Dr Mary Ramsay CBE Director of Public Health Programmes and Consultant Epidemiologist, Immunisation and Vaccine Preventable Diseases Division, UKHSA |  | 4 September 2023 |
| Registered Nurse (Chair of Expert Panel) | David Green Nurse Consultant for Immunisation, Immunisation and Vaccine Preventable Diseases Division, UKHSA |  | 4 September 2023 |

In addition to the signatories above, the working group included:

| Name | Designation |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Alex Allen | Consultant Epidemiologist, Immunisation and Vaccine Preventable Diseases Division, UKHSA |
| Jane Devenish | Head of Operations and Delivery – Vaccinations, NHSE |
| Naveen Dosanjh | Senior Clinical Advisor, COVID-19 Vaccination Programme, NHSE |
| Jane Freeguard | Director of Pharmacy – COVID-19 Vaccination Programme, NHSE |
| Jo Jenkins | Lead Pharmacist Patient Group Directions and Medicines Mechanisms, NHS Specialist Pharmacy Service |
| Lesley McFarlane | Lead Immunisation Nurse Specialist, Immunisation and Vaccine Preventable Diseases Division, UKHSA |

This PGD has been peer reviewed by the UKHSA Immunisations PGD Expert Panel (overleaf) in accordance with the UKHSA PGD Policy. It has been ratified by the UKHSA Medicines Governance Group.

Expert panel


| Name | Designation |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nicholas Aigbogun | Consultant in Communicable Disease Control, Yorkshire and Humber Health Protection Team, UKHSA |
| Alison Campbell | Screening and Immunisation Coordinator, Clinical, NHSE Midlands |
| Rosie Furner | Pharmacist, Medicines Governance, Patient Group Directions and Medicines Mechanisms, NHS Specialist Pharmacy Service |
| Ed Gardner | Advanced Paramedic Practitioner/Emergency Care Practitioner, Medicines Manager, Proactive Care Lead, Southbourne Surgery |
| Michelle Jones | Principal Medicines Optimisation Pharmacist, Bristol North Somerset and South Gloucestershire Integrated Care Board |
| Jacqueline Lamberty | Lead Pharmacist Medicines Governance, UKHSA |
| Elizabeth Lockett | Senior Screening & Immunisation Manager, NHSE South West |
| Vanessa MacGregor | Consultant in Communicable Disease Control, East Midlands Health Protection Team, UKHSA |
| Nikki Philbin | Screening and Immunisation Manager, Vaccination and Screening Programmes, NHSE Midlands. |
| Tushar Shah | Lead Pharmacy Adviser, NHSE London |
| Laura Smeaton | IDPS Programme Projects Manager and Registered Midwife, NHS Infectious Diseases in Pregnancy Screening (IDPS) Programme, NHS England (NHSE) |

2. Organisational authorisation

This PGD is not legally valid until it has had the relevant organisational authorisation from NHSE completed below.

NHSE accepts responsibility for governance of this PGD. Any provider delivering the national COVID-19 vaccination programme under PGD must work strictly within the terms of this PGD, relevant NHS standard operating procedures (SOPs) and contractual arrangements with the Commissioner for the delivery of the national COVID-19 vaccination programme.

NHSE authorises this PGD for use by the services or providers delivering the national COVID-19 vaccination programme.

| Organisational approval (legal requirement) | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Role | Name | Sign | Date |
| Medical Director, COVID-19 Vaccination Programme, NHSE | Dr Simon Stockley |  | 3 September 2023 |

[Section 7](#) outlines the practitioner authorisation sheet. Individual practitioners must be authorised by name to work to this PGD. Alternative practitioner authorisation records, specifying the PGD and version number, may be used where appropriate in accordance with local policy. This may include the use of electronic records.

Assembly, final preparation and administration of vaccines supplied and administered under this PGD must be subject to NHS governance arrangements and standard operating procedures that ensure that the safety, quality or efficacy of the product is not compromised. The assembly, final preparation and administration of the vaccines should also be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions in the product's UK [Summary of Product Characteristics](#) (SPC) and in accordance with official national recommendations.

3. Characteristics of staff

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| <p>Qualifications and professional registration</p> | <p>Practitioners must only work under this PGD where they are competent to do so. Practitioners working to this PGD must also be one of the following registered professionals who can legally supply and administer under a PGD (see Patient Group Directions: who can administer them):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • nurses and midwives currently registered with the Nursing and Midwifery Council (NMC) • pharmacists currently registered with the General Pharmaceutical Council (GPhC) • chiropodists/podiatrists, dieticians, occupational therapists, orthoptists, orthotists/prosthetists, paramedics, physiotherapists, radiographers and speech and language therapists currently registered with the Health and Care Professions Council (HCPC) • dental hygienists and dental therapists registered with the General Dental Council • optometrists registered with the General Optical Council. <p>Practitioners must also fulfil all of the Additional requirements.</p> |
| <p>Additional requirements</p> | <p>Additionally, practitioners:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • must be authorised by name as an approved practitioner under the current terms of this PGD before working to it • must have undertaken appropriate training for working under PGDs for supply and administration of medicines • must be competent in the use of PGDs (see NICE Competency framework for health professionals using PGDs) • must be familiar with the vaccine product, alert to changes in the SPC and familiar with the national recommendations for the use of this vaccine • must be familiar with and alert to changes in relevant chapters of Immunisation Against Infectious Disease: the Green Book • must be familiar with and alert to changes in the relevant NHS standard operating procedures (SOPs) and commissioning arrangements for the national COVID-19 vaccination programme • must have undertaken training appropriate to this PGD as required by local policy and SOPs and in line with the Training recommendations for COVID-19 vaccinators • must have completed the national COVID-19 vaccination e-learning programme, including the relevant vaccine specific session and/or locally provided COVID-19 vaccine training • must be competent to assess individuals for suitability for vaccination, identify any contraindications or precautions, obtain informed consent (or a 'best interests' decision in accordance with the Mental Capacity Act 2005) and discuss issues related to vaccination. For further information on consent see Chapter 2 of 'The Green Book'. • must be competent in the correct handling and storage of vaccines and management of the cold chain • must be competent in the handling of the vaccine product, procedure for dilution of the vaccine and use of the correct technique for drawing up the correct dose • must be competent in the intramuscular injection technique • must be competent in the recognition and management of anaphylaxis, have completed basic life support training and be able to respond appropriately to immediate adverse reactions • must have access to the PGD and relevant COVID-19 vaccination programme online resources such as the Green Book and COVID-19 vaccination programme: Information for healthcare practitioners • must have been signed off as competent using the COVID-19 vaccinator competency assessment tool if new to or returning to immunisation after a prolonged period (more than 12 months) or have used the tool for self-assessment if an |

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| Additional requirements (continued) | <p>experienced vaccinator (vaccinated within past 12 months)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• should fulfil any additional requirements defined by local or national policy <p>The individual practitioner must be authorised by name, under the current version of this PGD before working according to it.</p> |
| Continued training requirements | <p>Practitioners must ensure they are up to date with relevant issues and clinical skills relating to vaccination and management of anaphylaxis. Practitioners should be constantly alert to any subsequent recommendations from the UKHSA, NHSE and other sources of medicines information.</p> |

4. Clinical condition or situation to which this PGD applies

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| Clinical condition or situation to which this PGD applies | <p>COVID-19 vaccination is indicated for the active immunisation of individuals for the prevention of coronavirus disease (COVID-19) caused by the SARS-CoV-2 virus. Immunisation is indicated in accordance with the national COVID-19 vaccination programme (see COVID-19 vaccination programme page), recommendations given in Chapter 14a of Immunisation Against Infectious Disease: the 'Green Book' (hereafter referred to as Chapter 14a), and subsequent correspondence and publications from the UKHSA and NHSE.</p> |
| Criteria for inclusion | <p>COVID-19 vaccination should be offered to individuals aged 18 years and over in accordance with the recommendations in Chapter 14a.</p> <p>Individuals are eligible for different vaccines (see Table 1), based on their age and risk group.</p> <p>Dosing schedules are no longer categorised into primary and booster doses. Therefore, the following criteria apply to all individuals irrespective of prior COVID-19 immunisation status.</p> <p>Individuals who have not already received a dose during the current seasonal campaign, who are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • aged 65 years and over, including those due to turn 65 years of age on or before 31 March 2024 • residents and staff in a care home for older adults • frontline health and social care workers • aged 18 to 64 years in a clinical risk group as defined in Table 3 of Chapter 14a • carers aged 18 to 64 years: those who are eligible for a carer's allowance or who are the sole or primary carer of an elderly or disabled individual who are themselves defined as clinically vulnerable to COVID-19 infection in Chapter 14a • aged 18 to 64 years and are household contacts of immunosuppressed individuals (as defined in Table 3 of Chapter 14a) of any age • included in the recommended cohort(s) for vaccination, if and when JCVI, DHSC or other appropriate authority recommend an emergency surge vaccine response is required |

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| Criteria for exclusion² | <p>Individuals for whom valid consent, or a ‘best-interests’ decision in accordance with the Mental Capacity Act 2005, has not been obtained (for further information on consent see Chapter 2 of the Green Book). Several UKHSA resources are available to inform consent (see Written information to be given to patient or carer section).</p> <p>As of 30 June 2023, the evergreen offer of two primary doses of COVID-19 vaccine ended. Therefore, individuals who do not fall into a clinical risk or other eligible group are not eligible for vaccination.</p> <p>Individuals who:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • are under 18 years of age • do not meet any of the criteria for inclusion, irrespective of prior vaccination status or previous vaccine eligibility • have received a dose of COVID-19 vaccine in the last 3 months, unless revaccination is indicated, for example some individuals with severe immunosuppression (see Dose and frequency of administration) • have commenced or completed a primary course of vaccination and are not eligible for a seasonal booster dose (see Dose and frequency of administration) • have had a previous systemic allergic reaction (including immediate-onset anaphylaxis) to a previous dose of a COVID-19 vaccine or to any component or residue³ from the manufacturing process in the vaccine • have experienced myocarditis or pericarditis determined as likely to be related to previous COVID-19 vaccination • are suffering from acute severe febrile illness (the presence of a minor infection is not a contraindication for vaccination) |
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² Exclusion under this PGD does not necessarily mean the medication is contraindicated, but it would be outside its remit and another form of authorisation will be required

³ Refer to the product [SPC](#) for a full list of excipients.

Cautions, including any relevant action to be taken

Facilities for management of anaphylaxis should be available at all vaccination sites (see [Chapter 8](#) of the Green Book and advice issued by the [Resuscitation Council UK](#)).

The 15 minute observation period following vaccination with the COVID-19 vaccines has been removed for individuals who have no history of an allergic reaction (see [off-label](#) use section below and [Chapter 14a](#)).

Following COVID-19 vaccine administration, individuals without a history of allergy should be:

- observed for any immediate reactions whilst they are receiving any verbal post-vaccination information and exiting the premises
- informed about the signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis and how to access immediate healthcare advice in the event of displaying any symptoms. In some settings, for example domiciliary vaccination, this may require a responsible adult to be present for at least 15 minutes after vaccination.

Individuals with a personal history of allergy should be managed in line with [Chapter 14a](#), Table 5.

Special precautions, such as those outlined in [Chapter 14a](#) (flowchart for managing patients who have allergic reactions to a previous dose of COVID-19 vaccine) are advised for individuals with a personal history of allergy including a:

- prior non-anaphylaxis allergic reaction to COVID-19 vaccine
- history of immediate anaphylaxis to multiple, different drug classes, with the trigger unidentified (this may indicate polyethylene glycol (PEG) allergy)
- history of anaphylaxis to a vaccine, injected antibody preparation or a medicine likely to have a polyethylene glycol (PEG) component (such as depot steroid injections, laxative)
- history of idiopathic anaphylaxis

Individuals with undiagnosed PEG allergy often have a history of immediate-onset unexplained anaphylaxis or anaphylaxis to multiple classes of drugs. Such individuals should not be vaccinated with Comirnaty® or Spikevax® mRNA vaccines except on the expert advice of an allergy specialist or where at least one dose of the same vaccine has been tolerated previously (for further information see [Chapter 14a](#)).

VidPrevtyn Beta® contains compounds related to PEG, polysorbate 20 and polysorbate 80. Despite limited experience with this vaccine, it is unlikely that individuals with a PEG allergy would have an allergic reaction, particularly if they have tolerated vaccines containing polysorbate compounds (including inactivated or adjuvanted influenza vaccine, the AstraZeneca® (ChAdOx1-S recombinant) COVID-19 vaccine, Vaxzevria® or Nuvaxovid®). It may therefore be considered as an alternative for individuals aged 18 years and over where an mRNA COVID-19 is not considered to be clinically suitable, including in severely immunosuppressed individuals.

Where individuals experienced a possible allergic reaction to a dose of COVID-19 vaccine, follow the guidance in [Chapter 14a](#) in relation to the administration of subsequent doses.

Individuals with non-allergic reactions (vasovagal episodes, non-urticarial skin reaction or non-specific symptoms) to a COVID-19 vaccine can receive subsequent doses of vaccine in any vaccination setting. Observation for 15 minutes is recommended for these individuals.

No specific management is required for individuals with a family history of allergies.

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Cautions, including any relevant action to be taken
(continued)

Syncope (fainting) can occur following, or even before, any vaccination as a psychogenic response to the needle injection. This can be accompanied by several neurological signs such as transient visual disturbance, paraesthesia and tonic-clonic limb movements during recovery. It is important that procedures are in place to avoid injury from faints.

As fainting can occur following vaccination, all those vaccinated with any of the COVID-19 vaccines should be advised not to drive for 15 minutes after vaccination.

Individuals with a bleeding disorder may develop a haematoma at the injection site. Individuals with bleeding disorders may be vaccinated intramuscularly if, in the opinion of a doctor familiar with the individual's bleeding risk, vaccines or similar small volume intramuscular injections can be administered with reasonable safety by this route. If the individual receives medication or other treatment to reduce bleeding, for example treatment for haemophilia, intramuscular vaccination can be scheduled shortly after such medication or treatment is administered. Individuals on stable anticoagulation therapy, including individuals on warfarin who are up to date with their scheduled INR testing and whose latest INR was below the upper threshold of their therapeutic range, can receive intramuscular vaccination. A fine needle (23 gauge or 25 gauge) should be used for the vaccination, followed by firm pressure applied to the site (without rubbing) for at least 2 minutes. If in any doubt, consult with the clinician responsible for prescribing or monitoring the individual's anticoagulant therapy. The individual or carer should be informed about the risk of haematoma from the injection.

Very rare reports have been received of Guillain-Barré Syndrome (GBS) following COVID-19 vaccination (further information is available in [Chapter 14a](#)). Healthcare professionals should be alert to the signs and symptoms of GBS to ensure correct diagnosis and to rule out other causes, in order to initiate adequate supportive care and treatment. Individuals who have a history of GBS should be vaccinated as recommended for their age and underlying risk status. In those who are diagnosed with GBS after the first dose of vaccine, the balance of risk-benefit is in favour of completing a full COVID-19 vaccination schedule. On a precautionary basis, where GBS occurred within 6 weeks of an Astra Zeneca vaccine, mRNA COVID-19 vaccines are preferred for subsequent doses. Where GBS occurs following either of the mRNA vaccines, further vaccination can proceed as normal, once recovered.

Guidance produced by the UK Immune Thrombocytopenia (ITP) Forum Working Party advises discussing the potential for a fall in platelet count in individuals with a history of ITP receiving any COVID-19 vaccine and recommends a platelet count check 2 to 5 days after the vaccine is given ([British Society for Haematology-COVID-19](#)).

Past history of COVID-19 infection

There are no safety concerns from vaccinating individuals with a past history of COVID-19 infection, or with detectable COVID-19 antibody.

Vaccination of individuals who may be infected, asymptomatic or incubating COVID-19 infection is unlikely to have a detrimental effect on the illness, though those with suspected COVID-19 infection should not attend vaccination sessions to avoid infecting others. As clinical deterioration can occur up to 2 weeks after infection, vaccination should be deferred until clinical recovery.

During care home outbreaks, vaccination of residents with confirmed COVID-19 can proceed, provided that individuals are clinically stable and infection control procedures can be maintained. These populations are likely to be highly vulnerable and this approach facilitates vaccination without the need for multiple visits.

Having prolonged COVID-19 symptoms is not a contraindication to receiving COVID-19 vaccine but if the individual is seriously debilitated, still under active investigation, or has evidence of recent deterioration, deferral of vaccination may be considered to avoid incorrect attribution of any change in the person's underlying condition to the vaccine.

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| <p>Action to be taken if the patient is excluded</p> | <p>The risk to the individual of not being immunised must be considered. The indications for risk groups are not exhaustive and the healthcare practitioner should consider the risk of COVID-19 exacerbating any underlying disease that an individual may have, as well as the risk of serious illness from COVID-19 itself. Where appropriate, such individuals should be referred for assessment of clinical risk. Where risk is identified as equivalent to those currently eligible for immunisation, vaccination may be provided by an appropriate prescriber or on a patient specific basis, under a PSD.</p> <p>For individuals who have had an immediate-onset anaphylaxis to a previous dose of COVID-19 vaccine, or any component of the vaccine, advice should be sought from an allergy specialist. Refer to the full list of excipients in the relevant SPC (see References section). Any subsequent dose should be provided by an appropriate prescriber or on a patient specific basis, under a PSD.</p> <p>Individuals who have experienced myocarditis or pericarditis following COVID-19 vaccination should be assessed by an appropriate clinician to determine whether it is likely to be vaccine related. As the mechanism of action and risk of recurrence of myocarditis and pericarditis are being investigated, subsequent doses should be deferred pending further investigation. Following investigation, any subsequent dose should be provided by an appropriate prescriber or on a patient specific basis, under a PSD.</p> <p>Individuals who commenced but did not complete their primary course prior to the current seasonal campaign no longer require a second dose. If the individual continues to meet inclusion criteria, a dose can be given a minimum of 3 months from the date of the last administered dose, if this is possible within the campaign period.</p> <p>Otherwise, individuals who have never received a dose of COVID-19 vaccine and do not meet inclusion criteria, or who were previously eligible for a booster during previous campaigns but not the present one, should be reassured that the evidence does not currently support a need to vaccinate them. If new evidence means that they are considered to be at high risk during a future campaign, they will then be invited for vaccination.</p> <p>When the seasonal vaccination campaign has ended, individuals with severe immunosuppression (as defined in Box 1 of Chapter 14a) can be considered for vaccination outside of campaign periods, as described in the Green Book. A decision to proceed would be subject to individual clinical decision and therefore a PSD should be used to administer the vaccine.</p> <p>If COVID-19 vaccine has been given in the preceding 3 months, advise the individual to return when they are next invited forward for vaccination, which may coincide with the next seasonal COVID-19 campaign.</p> <p>In case of postponement due to acute illness, advise when the individual can be vaccinated and if possible, ensure another appointment is arranged.</p> <p>Document the reason for exclusion and any action taken.</p> |
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| Action to be taken if the individual or carer declines treatment | <p>Informed consent, from the individual or a person legally able to act on the person's behalf, must be obtained for each administration and recorded appropriately. Where a person lacks the capacity, in accordance with the Mental Capacity Act 2005, a decision to vaccinate may be made in the individual's best interests. For further information on consent, see Chapter 2 of the Green Book.</p> <p>Advise the individual or carer about the protective effects of the vaccine, the risks of infection and potential complications if not immunised.</p> <p>Document advice given and the decision reached.</p> <p>Inform or refer to the GP or a prescriber as appropriate.</p> |
| Arrangements for referral | <p>As per local policy.</p> |

5. Description of treatment

| Name, strength and formulation of drug | <p>Note: Where appropriate to the delivery model, this PGD may also be used for the administration of vaccine that has been prepared (diluted) by another person in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and Human Medicines Regulation 3A (inserted by UK Statutory Instrument 2020 No.1594), that is prepared by or under the supervision of a doctor, a registered nurse or a pharmacist.</p> | | | | | | |
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| | <p>Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms)/dose dispersion for injection COVID-19 mRNA vaccine (nucleoside modified)</p> <p>One dose (0.3ml) contains:</p> <p>15 micrograms of tozinameran (Original) (embedded in lipid nanoparticles) and</p> <p>15 micrograms of famtozinameran (Omicron BA.4-5) (embedded in lipid nanoparticles)</p> | | | | | | |
| | <p>VidPrevtyn Beta® solution and emulsion for injection COVID-19 vaccine (recombinant, adjuvanted)</p> <p>Following reconstitution of antigen and adjuvant vials, one dose (0.5ml) contains:</p> <p>5 micrograms of SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (B.1.351 strain)</p> | | | | | | |
| | <p>Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (50 micrograms/50 micrograms)/ml dispersion for injection</p> <p>One dose (0.5ml) contains:</p> <p>25 micrograms of elasomeran and</p> <p>25 micrograms of davesomeran, (embedded in lipid nanoparticles).</p> | | | | | | |
| | <p>More stringent age limits than outlined in the vaccine SPCs are being applied to COVID-19 vaccines in scope for the current seasonal vaccination campaign and in line with JCVI recommendations (summarised below).</p> <p>Table 1: Age specific recommendations on vaccine type</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Age</th><th>Recommended COVID-19 vaccine(s)⁴</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>18 to 74 years of age (including pregnant women)</td><td> <p>Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms/dose)</p> <p>Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (50 micrograms/50 micrograms)/ml</p> <p>Note: If an mRNA vaccine is not considered clinically suitable, VidPrevtyn Beta® may be given.</p> </td></tr> <tr> <td>75 years and above⁵ Residents in an older person's care home aged 65 years and over</td><td> <p>Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms/dose)</p> <p>VidPrevtyn Beta®</p> <p>Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (50 micrograms/50 micrograms)/ml</p> </td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: Where mRNA vaccines are not considered clinically suitable, VidPrevtyn Beta® is a suitable alternative for those aged 18 years and over, including those with severe immunosuppression.</p> | Age | Recommended COVID-19 vaccine(s) ⁴ | 18 to 74 years of age (including pregnant women) | <p>Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms/dose)</p> <p>Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (50 micrograms/50 micrograms)/ml</p> <p>Note: If an mRNA vaccine is not considered clinically suitable, VidPrevtyn Beta® may be given.</p> | 75 years and above ⁵ Residents in an older person's care home aged 65 years and over | <p>Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms/dose)</p> <p>VidPrevtyn Beta®</p> <p>Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (50 micrograms/50 micrograms)/ml</p> |
| Age | Recommended COVID-19 vaccine(s) ⁴ | | | | | | |
| 18 to 74 years of age (including pregnant women) | <p>Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms/dose)</p> <p>Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (50 micrograms/50 micrograms)/ml</p> <p>Note: If an mRNA vaccine is not considered clinically suitable, VidPrevtyn Beta® may be given.</p> | | | | | | |
| 75 years and above ⁵ Residents in an older person's care home aged 65 years and over | <p>Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms/dose)</p> <p>VidPrevtyn Beta®</p> <p>Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (50 micrograms/50 micrograms)/ml</p> | | | | | | |

⁴ As outlined in the Green Book, vaccines that target the latest variant are preferable. However, an available, authorised and age-appropriate vaccine should be offered without delay, particularly to individuals at highest risk.

⁵ Includes those individuals due to turn 75 years of age by 31 March 2024

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| Legal category | Prescription only medicine (POM) |
| Black triangle ▼ | All recommended COVID-19 vaccines are black triangle products. As new vaccine products, the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) has a specific interest in the reporting of adverse drug reactions for these products. |
| Off-label use | <p>Previously unvaccinated individuals</p> <p>VidPrevtyn Beta® and Comirnaty® Original/ Omicron BA.4-5 COVID-19 mRNA vaccines are not licensed for previously unvaccinated individuals, whereas JCVI advice recommends all currently approved COVID-19 vaccines should be offered as a single dose, regardless of prior immunisation history. COVID-19 vaccines are administered under this PGD in accordance with recommendations from both the JCVI and Chapter 14a for the delivery of the COVID-19 vaccination programme in England (see Dose and frequency of administration section).</p> <p>Booster immunisation</p> <p>The VidPrevtyn Beta® COVID-19 SPC recommends a booster dose may be administered 4 months after the last dose of any COVID-19 vaccine.</p> <p>Booster vaccination may be offered under this PGD to individuals aged 18 years and over, at a minimum interval of 3 months from the previous dose, in accordance with the recommendations from the JCVI and Chapter 14a.</p> <p>Allergy</p> <p>According to the respective SPCs, it is recommended that all recipients of the COVID-19 vaccines are kept for observation and monitored for a minimum of 15 minutes. Following careful review of the safety data by the MHRA and advice from the Commission on Human Medicines, the 15 minute observation requirement has since been removed for individuals who have no history of allergy following vaccination with all COVID-19 vaccines. However, vaccinated individuals should be informed about the signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis and how to access immediate healthcare advice in the event of displaying any symptoms. In some settings, for example domiciliary vaccination, this may require a responsible adult to be present for at least 15 minutes after vaccination (see Chapter 14a).</p> <p>Individuals with a personal history of allergy should be managed in line with Chapter 14a, Table 5. No specific management is required for individuals with a family history of allergies.</p> <p>As fainting can occur following vaccination, all those vaccinated with any of the COVID-19 vaccines should be advised not to drive for 15 minutes after vaccination.</p> <p>The MHRA will continue to closely monitor anaphylaxis post-COVID-19 vaccination; reporting of adverse events via the Coronavirus Yellow Card reporting scheme is strongly encouraged.</p> <p>Storage</p> <p>Vaccine should be stored according to the conditions detailed in the Storage section below. However, in the event of an inadvertent or unavoidable deviation of these conditions, refer to Vaccine Incident Guidance. Where vaccines are assessed in accordance with these guidelines as appropriate for continued use, this would constitute off-label administration under this PGD.</p> <p>In the event that available data supports extension to the vaccine shelf life, any resulting off-label use of expiry extended vaccine under this PGD should be supported by NHS operational guidance or standard operating procedures.</p> <p>Where a vaccine is recommended off-label consider, as part of the consent process, informing the individual or carer that the vaccine is being offered in accordance with national guidance but outside of product licence.</p> |

Route and method of administration

General principles

Administer the required dose of COVID-19 vaccine (as outlined in [Table 2](#)) by intramuscular injection only, preferably into the deltoid muscle of the upper arm. Vaccines should be prepared in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations (see the product's [SPC](#)) and NHS standard operating procedures for the service.

The name of the vaccine must be checked to ensure the intended vaccine is being used (as summarised in [Table 1](#)).

The vial should be inspected for particles and discolouration before preparation and administration. Should either occur, discard the vial in accordance with local procedures.

Care should be taken to ensure a full 0.3 or 0.5ml dose is administered. If a full dose cannot be extracted, the remaining vial volume must be discarded. Do not pool excess vaccine from multiple vials.

Recheck the product name, batch number and expiry date prior to administration.

Where the individual has been assessed as being at increased risk of bleeding, a fine needle (23 gauge or 25 gauge) should be used for the vaccination, followed by firm pressure applied to the site (without rubbing) for at least 2 minutes. The individual or carer should be informed about this risk of haematoma from the injection.

Specific handling requirements of each vaccine is outlined below.

a) Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms/dose)

2.25 ml ready to use dispersion is contained in a 2 ml clear multidose vial (type I glass) with a stopper (synthetic bromobutyl rubber) and a grey flip-off plastic cap with aluminium seal. Each vial contains 6 doses.

Verify that the vial has a grey plastic cap and a grey border around the label and the product name reads as Comirnaty® injection Original/Omicron BA.4-5 COVID-19 mRNA vaccine 15/15 micrograms.

The vaccine should be used or discarded by the post-thaw expiry date.

Thawed vials can be handled in room light conditions.

Allow the dispersion to come to room temperature prior to use. Gently mix by inverting vials 10 times prior to use. Do not shake.

Prior to mixing, the thawed dispersion may contain white to off-white opaque amorphous particles.

After mixing, the vaccine should present as a white to off-white dispersion with no particulates visible. Discard the vaccine if particulates or discolouration are present.

Using aseptic technique, cleanse the vial stopper with a single-use antiseptic swab.

Withdraw 0.3 ml of Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5. The vaccine dose should be drawn up from the vial immediately prior to administration. Each dose must contain 0.3 ml of vaccine.

Low dead-volume syringes and/or needles should be used to extract 6 doses from a single vial. The low dead-volume syringe and needle combination should have a dead volume of no more than 35 microlitres.

If standard syringes and needles are used, there may not be sufficient volume to extract a sixth dose from a single vial.

If the amount of vaccine remaining in the vial cannot provide a full dose of 0.3ml, discard the vial and any excess volume. Do not pool excess vaccine from multiple vials.

Record the date and time of first puncture on the vial and discard the unused vaccine within 12 hours of puncture.

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Route and method of administration
(continued)

b) VidPrevtyn Beta®

2.5ml antigen solution in a multidose vial (type 1 glass) with a stopper (chlorobutyl) and an aluminum seal with a green plastic flip-off cap.

2.5ml adjuvant emulsion in a multidose vial (type 1 glass) with a stopper (chlorobutyl) and an aluminum seal with a yellow plastic flip-off cap.

Prior to administration, the antigen and adjuvant vials must be left at room temperature (up to 25°C) and protected from light for at least 15 minutes, before being mixed together.

Each vial should be inverted and inspected visually for particles or discolouration; in presence of either of these, dispose of the vial.

Remove the flip-off caps and using aseptic technique, cleanse both vial stoppers with single-use antiseptic swabs.

Using a sterile 21-gauge or narrower needle and a sterile syringe, invert the adjuvant vial (yellow cap) to facilitate full withdraw of the entire contents into the syringe, before transferring the full contents into the antigen vial (green cap).

Removing the syringe from the antigen vial, mix the contents of both vials together, by inverting 5 times. Do not shake.

The resultant vaccine is an off-white to yellow homogenous milky liquid emulsion.

The expiry date of the reconstituted vaccine should be marked on the vial. Use within 6 hours after mixing if protected from light and stored between 2°C to 8°C (also refer to [Storage](#) section).

Before each administration of VidPrevtyn Beta®, visually inspect the vial for any particulate matter or discolouration and in the presence of either, dispose of the vial, following local procedures.

Using an appropriately sized sterile needle and syringe, withdraw 0.5ml from the vial immediately prior to administration.

c) Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (50 micrograms/50 micrograms)/ml

2.5ml dispersion in a multidose vial (type 1 or type 1 equivalent glass) with a stopper (chlorobutyl rubber) and a blue flip-off plastic cap with aluminium seal.

Verify the vial has a blue flip-off cap and bears the correct name. Each vial contains 5 doses.

After removing the flip-off cap, using aseptic technique, cleanse the vial stopper with a single-use antiseptic swab. Do not shake or dilute – the vial should be gently swirled after thawing and before each administration.

Withdraw 0.5ml of Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5. The dose should be used immediately.

Once the vial is punctured, the vial should be discarded after 6 hours.

Record the date and time of discard on the vial label.

An additional overfill is included in each vial to ensure 5 doses of 0.5ml can be delivered. Any remaining should be discarded in line with local procedures.

Where possible, the stopper should be pierced at a different site each time, to minimise the chances of dislodging a fragment of the bung.

Dose and frequency of administration

Table 2: Summary table of dosing regimes

| Vaccine | Dose |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms)/dose | 0.3ml |
| VidPrevtyn Beta® | 0.5ml |
| Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (50 micrograms/50 micrograms)/ml | 0.5ml |

Vaccination should be offered to individuals eligible for the current campaign as part of the national COVID-19 vaccination programme in accordance with the recommendations from the [JCVI](#) and in [Chapter 14a](#), at a minimum interval of 3 months from the previous dose of COVID-19 vaccine. As the primary course has reduced from 2 doses to a single dose, there is no requirement to complete this regime before receiving further doses.

VidPrevtyn Beta® may be given where an mRNA vaccine is contraindicated or otherwise not clinically suitable to individuals aged 18 years and over, including severely immunosuppressed individuals.

In line with [Chapter 14a](#), there is no requirement to administer the same vaccine brand as previously administered.

Vaccination in incompletely vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals

If the primary course was interrupted or delayed before Autumn 2023, doses should neither be repeated or the course resumed, in line with [JCVI](#) recommendations to change to a single dose regime. Previously unvaccinated individuals should be offered a single dose of COVID-19 vaccine as recommended in [Table 1](#).

The main exception would be for those about to commence immunosuppressive treatment (see below).

Individuals with severe immunosuppression

The need for additional doses outside the seasonal campaign for individuals who have severe immunosuppression (as defined by Box 1: Criteria for additional doses of COVID-19 vaccine in those aged 12 years and above, [Chapter 14a](#)) should be at the discretion of the individual's specialist.

A minimum 3 month interval between doses is recommended. However, for individuals about to receive planned treatment, a minimum interval of 3 weeks between COVID-19 doses may be followed, to enable the vaccine to be given whilst the individual's immune system is better able to respond. Ideally, vaccination should take place 2 weeks before immunosuppressive treatment commences, or until 2 weeks after the period of immunosuppression, in addition to time needed for clearance of the therapeutic agent. If not possible, consideration could be given to vaccination during a treatment holiday or when the degree of immunosuppression is at a minimum.

Due consideration must be given to the risk of delaying COVID-19 vaccination against that of delaying treatment.

More information on optimal timing of doses may be found in [Chapter 14a](#).

Interval post COVID-19 infection

Refer to Cautions section ([Past history of COVID-19](#)) for information.

Duration of treatment

See [Dose and frequency of administration](#) above.

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| Quantity to be supplied and administered | As per Table 2 . |
| Supplies | <p>Providers will receive COVID-19 vaccines via the national appointed supply route for the provider.</p> <p>NHS standard operating procedures should be followed for appropriate supply, storage, handling, preparation, administration and waste minimisation of COVID-19 vaccines and ensure use is in accordance with the product's SPC and official national recommendations. Further information is also available in the Green Book Chapter 3.</p> |

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| Storage | Table 3: Summary of vaccine handling and storage (thawed product) | | | | |
| | Vaccine product | Transportation time | Product shelf life | | |
| | | | Thawed vial (unopened) | Punctured vial | Temperature deviations |
| | Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms) bivalent | Up to 10 weeks at 2°C to 8°C (within the overall shelf life) Punctured vial: 6 hours at 2°C to 30°C | 10 weeks at 2°C to 8°C | Up to 12 hours at 2°C to 30°C | 24 hours at 8°C to 30°C (includes up to 12 hours following first puncture) |
| | Spikevax® bivalent Original/ Omicron BA.4-5 | Up to 12 hours at 2°C to 8°C (within the 30 day expiry) | 30 days* at 2°C to 8°C | Up to 6 hours at 2°C to 25°C | Up to 24 hours at 8°C to 25°C |
| | VidPrevtyn Beta® | No data | No data | 6 hours at 2°C to 8°C | No data (contact manufacturer) |
| <p>*where Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 has been stored at -50°C to -15°C for between 9 to 12 months, the unopened vial must be used within a maximum of 14 days and not exceeding a total storage time of 12 months, provided the vial is thawed and stored at 2°C to 8°C throughout.</p> <p>General advice</p> <p>Store at 2°C to 8°C. Do not freeze. Thawed vaccines should not be re-frozen. Store in original packaging to protect from light if not in use.</p> <p>Manufacturer storage details relate to storage requirements and available stability data at the time of product authorisation. Refer to NHS standard operating procedures for the service and the most up to date manufacturer's recommendations in the product's SPC. The SPC also contains further information on stability to guide healthcare professionals only in case of temporary temperature excursion.</p> <p>In the event of an inadvertent or unavoidable deviation of these conditions, vaccine that has been stored outside the conditions stated above should be quarantined and risk assessed for suitability of continued off-label use or appropriate disposal. Refer to Vaccine Incident Guidance.</p> | | | | | |
| (continued over page) | Specific directions pertinent to each vaccine are outlined below. | | | | |

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| <p>Storage (continued)</p> | <p>a) Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (15/15 micrograms)/dose COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine</p> <p>Thawed vial</p> <p>Thawed unopened vials have a 10 week shelf-life at 2°C to 8°C, including for transportation.</p> <p>If the vaccine is received at 2°C to 8°C, it should be stored at 2°C to 8°C. The 10 week shelf life should not exceed the printed manufacturer's expiry date (EXP) on the outer carton.</p> <p>Prior to use, the unopened vials can be stored for up to 12 hours at temperatures between 8°C to 30°C.</p> <p>Thawed vials can be handled in room light conditions.</p> <p>Once thawed, the vaccine cannot be re-frozen.</p> <p>Punctured vial</p> <p>Shelf life of the punctured vial is 12 hours at 2°C to 30°C, which includes up to 6 hours transportation time.</p> <p>From a microbiological point of view, the product should be used as soon as practicably possible once punctured.</p> <p>Special precautions for storage</p> <p>Store in original packaging to protect from light.</p> <p>During storage, minimise exposure to room light and avoid exposure to direct sunlight and ultraviolet light.</p> |
| <p>(continued over page)</p> | <p>b) VidPrevtyn Beta® COVID-19 vaccine</p> <p>Punctured vial</p> <p>Upon mixing the separate vial components, the reconstituted vaccine has a shelf life of up to 6 hours, if stored at 2°C to 8°C and protected from light.</p> <p>From a microbiological point of view, the product should be used as soon as practicably possible.</p> <p>Special precautions for storage</p> <p>The antigen and adjuvant vial should be placed at room temperature (up to 25°C) for a minimum of 15 minutes before mixing. Protect from light throughout.</p> <p>When not in use, the reconstituted vial contents should be stored at between 2°C to 8°C and protected from light.</p> <p>An MHRA review of quality data has shown that the mixed antigen/adjuvant for VidPrevtyn Beta® is stable at 23°C to 27°C for several hours.</p> <p>During the in-use period, when doses are being withdrawn from the vial and administered, the vial may remain at room temperature (up to 25°C). This may include the time it takes to move short distances between individuals, for example, in a care home, or the time between individuals in a clinic.</p> <p>If there is no immediate need to withdraw further doses, the vial should be returned to storage between 2°C to 8°C in a container which protects the vial from light and maintains segregation from the unmixed vials. The vial must be discarded 6 hours after mixing.</p> |

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| Storage (continued) | <p>c) Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 (50 micrograms/50 micrograms/ml) COVID-19 mRNA vaccine</p> <p>Thawed vial</p> <p>The unopened vials must be stored for up to 30 days at 2°C to 8°C. Vials kept in a frozen state for between 9 and 12 months will be given a 14 day thaw expiry, which will be indicated on the outer packaging.</p> <p>Within this period, up to 12 hours may be used for transportation. The 30 (or 14) day shelf life should not exceed the manufacturer printed expiry date (EXP) on the outer carton.</p> <p>Prior to use, the unopened vial can be stored for up to 24 hours at 8°C to 25°C.</p> <p>Once thawed at 2°C to 8°C, vials must not be refrozen.</p> <p>Punctured vial</p> <p>After initial puncture, the shelf life of the punctured vial is 6 hours at 8°C to 25°C, within a 24 hour expiry if stored unopened between 8°C to 25°C and not exceeding the 30 day or 14 day (thawed) shelf life. From a microbiological point of view, the product should be used as soon as practicably possible.</p> <p>Special precautions for storage</p> <p>Before administering the vaccine, the vial should be placed at room temperature (up to 25°C), 15 minutes prior to administration.</p> |
| Disposal | <p>Follow local clinical waste policy and NHS standard operating procedures to ensure safe and secure waste disposal.</p> <p>Equipment used for vaccination, including used vials, ampoules, or discharged vaccines in a syringe or applicator, should be disposed of safely and securely according to local authority arrangements and NHSE guidance (HTM 07-01): Management and disposal of healthcare waste.</p> |
| Drug interactions | <p>Immunological response may be diminished in those receiving immunosuppressive treatment, but it is important to still immunise this group.</p> <p>Although no data for co-administration of COVID-19 vaccine with other vaccines exists, in the absence of such data, first principles would suggest that interference between inactivated vaccines with different antigenic content is likely to be limited. Based on experience with other vaccines, any potential interference is most likely to result in a slightly attenuated immune response to one of the vaccines. There is no evidence of any safety concerns, although it may make the attribution of any adverse events more difficult.</p> <p>Similar considerations apply to co-administration of inactivated (or non-replicating) COVID-19 vaccines with live vaccines such as MMR. In particular, live vaccines which replicate in the mucosa, such as live attenuated influenza vaccine (LAIV) are unlikely to be seriously affected by concomitant COVID-19 vaccination.</p> <p>For further information about co-administration with other vaccines, see Additional Information section.</p> |

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| Identification and management of adverse reactions | <p>The most frequently reported adverse reactions are injection-site pain, swelling or redness, fatigue, headache, myalgia, chills, arthralgia, pyrexia, nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting. These reactions are usually mild or moderate in intensity and resolve within a few days after vaccination.</p> <p>Uncommon side effects include enlarged lymph nodes, feeling unwell, arm pain, insomnia, injection site itching, allergic reactions such as rash or itching, feeling weak, decreased appetite, excessive sweating and night sweats.</p> <p>Very rare cases of myocarditis and pericarditis have been observed following vaccination with both Comirnaty® and Spikevax®. These cases have primarily occurred within 14 days following vaccination, more often after the second vaccination, and more often in younger men. Available data suggest that the course of myocarditis and pericarditis following vaccination is not different from myocarditis or pericarditis in general. Healthcare professionals should be alert to the signs and symptoms of myocarditis and pericarditis. Vaccinated individuals should be instructed to seek immediate medical attention if they develop symptoms indicative of myocarditis or pericarditis such as acute and persisting chest pain, shortness of breath, or palpitations following vaccination. Healthcare professionals should consult guidance and/or specialists to diagnose and treat this condition.</p> <p>Heavy menstrual bleeding has been reported after COVID-19 vaccination. In most cases, this is self-limiting.</p> <p>Individuals should be provided with the advice within the leaflet What to expect after your COVID-19 vaccination which covers the reporting of adverse reactions and their management, such as with analgesic and/or antipyretic medication.</p> <p>A detailed list of adverse reactions is available in the product's SPC.</p> |
| Reporting procedure of adverse reactions | <p>MHRA has a specific interest in the reporting of all adverse drug reactions for all COVID-19 vaccines.</p> <p>Healthcare professionals, individuals and carers should report suspected adverse reactions to the MHRA using the Coronavirus Yellow Card reporting scheme or by searching for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store.</p> <p>Any adverse reaction to a vaccine should also be documented in the individual's record and the individual's GP should be informed.</p> <p>The Green Book Chapter 8 and Chapter 14a provide further details regarding the clinical features of reactions to be reported as 'anaphylaxis'. Allergic reactions that do not include the clinical features of anaphylaxis should be reported as an allergic reaction.</p> |
| Written information to be given to patient or carer | <p>Ensure the individual has been provided with appropriate written information such as the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient Information Leaflet (PIL) for Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5, VidPrevtyn Beta® or Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 COVID-19 vaccine as applicable • COVID-19 vaccination record card • what to expect after your COVID-19 vaccination • COVID-19 vaccination: women who are pregnant or breastfeeding • COVID-19 vaccination: a guide to booster vaccination • waiting after your COVID-19 vaccination <p>For resources in accessible formats and alternative languages, please visit Home-Health Publications. Where applicable, inform the individual or carer that large print, Braille or audio CD PILs may be available from emc accessibility (freephone 0800 198 5000) by providing the medicine name and product code number, as listed on the electronic Medicines Compendium.</p> |

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| <p>Patient advice and follow up treatment</p> | <p>The 15 minute observation period following vaccination with COVID-19 vaccines has been removed for individuals who have no history of an allergy (see off-label section).</p> <p>Following COVID-19 vaccine administration, individuals without a history of allergy should be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • observed for any immediate reactions whilst they are receiving any verbal post-vaccination information and exiting the premises • informed about the signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis and how to access immediate healthcare advice in the event of displaying any symptoms (see leaflets What to expect after your COVID-19 vaccination and Waiting after COVID-19 vaccination) <p>Individuals with a personal history of allergy should be managed in line with Chapter 14a Table 5.</p> <p>Inform the individual or carer of possible side effects and their management.</p> <p>As fainting can occur following vaccination, all those vaccinated with any of the COVID-19 vaccines should be advised not to drive for 15 minutes after vaccination.</p> <p>Vaccinated individuals should be advised to seek immediate medical attention should they experience new onset of chest pain, shortness of breath, palpitations or arrhythmias.</p> <p>The individual or carer should be advised to seek appropriate advice from a healthcare professional in the event of an adverse reaction. In some settings, for example domiciliary vaccination, this may require a responsible adult to be present for at least 15 minutes after vaccination.</p> <p>Advise the individual or carer that they can report side effects directly via the national reporting system run by the MHRA known as the Coronavirus Yellow Card reporting scheme or by searching for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or AppleApp Store. By reporting side effects, they can help provide more information on the safety of medicines.</p> <p>As with all vaccines, immunisation may not result in protection in all individuals. Immunosuppressed individuals should be advised that they may not make a full immune response to the vaccine.</p> <p>When applicable, advise the individual or carer when to return for vaccination or when a subsequent vaccine dose is due.</p> |
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Special considerations and additional information

Ensure there is immediate access to an anaphylaxis pack including adrenaline (epinephrine) 1 in 1,000 injection and easy access to a telephone at the time of vaccination.

Minor illnesses without fever or systemic upset are not valid reasons to postpone vaccination. If an individual is acutely unwell, vaccination should be postponed until they have fully recovered. This is to avoid confusing the differential diagnosis of any acute illness (including COVID-19) by wrongly attributing any signs or symptoms to the adverse effects of the vaccine.

Pregnancy

There is no known risk associated with being given a non-live vaccine during pregnancy (see [Chapter 14a](#)).

In December 2021, following the recognition of pregnancy as a risk factor for severe COVID-19 infection and poor pregnancy outcomes during the Delta wave, pregnancy was added to the clinical risk groups recommended for COVID-19 vaccination.

Because of wider experience with mRNA vaccines, these are the preferred vaccines to offer to pregnant women. Evidence for use of VidPrevtyn Beta® in pregnancy is presently limited and therefore should only be considered where the potential benefit is thought to outweigh the potential risk to the mother and fetus

Breastfeeding

There is no known risk associated with being given a non-live vaccine whilst breastfeeding. JCVI advises that breastfeeding women may be offered any suitable COVID-19 vaccine. Emerging safety data is reassuring; mRNA was not detected in the breast milk of recently vaccinated women and protective antibodies have been detected in breast milk.

The developmental and health benefits of breastfeeding are clear and should be discussed with the woman, along with her clinical need for immunisation against COVID-19.

Participants in clinical trials

Individuals who have participated in a clinical trial of either primary or booster COVID-19 vaccination should be provided with written advice on whether and when they should be safely vaccinated in the routine programme. Trial participants who are eligible for boosters should be offered vaccination in line with the general population, at least 3 months after the dose considered as the final primary dose or the final revaccination (if the latter is required for certification purposes).

Individuals vaccinated abroad

Individuals who have been vaccinated abroad are likely to have received an mRNA or vector vaccine based on the spike protein, or an inactivated whole viral vaccine. Specific advice may be found in [COVID-19 vaccination programme: information for healthcare practitioners](#).

Co-administration with other vaccines

Where individuals in an eligible cohort present having recently received one or more inactivated or live vaccines, COVID-19 vaccination should still be given. The same applies for other live and inactivated vaccines where COVID-19 vaccination has been received first or where an individual presents requiring 2 or more vaccines. It is generally better for vaccination to proceed to prevent any further delay in protection and avoid the risk of the individual not returning for a later appointment. This includes but is not limited to vaccines commonly administered around the same time or in the same settings, including influenza, shingles and pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccines in those aged over 65 years and pertussis-containing and influenza vaccines in pregnancy.

A 7 day gap between administration of the inactivated shingles and COVID-19 vaccines is no longer required and both may be given together.

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| <p>Special considerations and additional information (continued)</p> | <p>Where co-administration does occur, individuals should be informed about the likely timing of potential adverse events relating to each vaccine.</p> <p>Previous incomplete vaccination</p> <p>Vaccination can be resumed provided a minimum interval of 3 months has been observed and the individual continues to be eligible for the current seasonal campaign. There is no need to administer extra doses to compensate for previously missed primary or booster doses, even if the individual was previously eligible.</p> <p>Immunosuppressed</p> <p>Immunological response may be lower in immunocompromised individuals, but they should still be vaccinated.</p> <p>Individuals who had received brief immunosuppression ($\leq 40\text{mg}$ prednisolone per day) for an acute episode (for example, asthma / COPD / COVID-19) and individuals on replacement corticosteroids for adrenal insufficiency are not considered severely immunosuppressed sufficient to have prevented response to the primary vaccination.</p> <p>Individuals who have received a bone marrow transplant after vaccination should be considered for a re-immunisation programme for all routine vaccinations, including COVID-19 (see Chapter 7 of the Green Book). This is not covered by this PGD and should be provided on a PSD.</p> |
| <p>Records (continued over page)</p> | <p>The practitioner must ensure the following is recorded:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • that valid informed consent was given or a decision to vaccinate was made in the individual's best interests in accordance with the Mental Capacity Act 2005 • name of individual, address, date of birth and GP with whom the individual is registered (or record where an individual is not registered with a GP) • name of immuniser • name and brand of vaccine • date of administration • dose, form and route of administration of vaccine • quantity administered • batch number* and expiry date • anatomical site of vaccination • advice given, including advice given if excluded or declines vaccination • details of any adverse drug reactions and actions taken • supplied via PGD <p>All records should be clear, legible and contemporaneous.</p> <p>*Note: For VidPrevtyl Beta®, the batch number is indicated on the outer packaging, not on the antigen and adjuvant vials. Please take care to ensure the correct batch number is recorded.</p> <p>As a variety of COVID-19 vaccines are available, it is especially important that the exact brand of vaccine, batch number and site at which each vaccine is given is accurately recorded in the individual's records.</p> <p>It is important that vaccinations are recorded in a timely manner on appropriate health care records for the individual. Systems should be in place to ensure this information is returned to the individual's general practice record in a timely manner to allow clinical follow up and to avoid duplicate vaccination.</p> <p>A record of all individuals receiving treatment under this PGD should also be kept for audit purposes.</p> |

6. Key references

Key references

- [Summary of Product Characteristics Comirnaty® Original/Omicron BA.4-5 \(15/15micrograms\)/dose COVID-19 mRNA vaccine](#), last updated May 2023
- [Summary of Product Characteristics VidPrevtyn Beta®](#), last updated 9 March 2023
- [Summary of Product Characteristics. Spikevax® bivalent Original/Omicron BA.4-5 \(50 micrograms/50 micrograms\)/ml dispersion for injection](#), last updated 1 August 2023
- Immunisation Against Infectious Disease: The Green Book, Chapter 14a Updated 9 March 2023 [COVID-19: the green book, chapter 14a - GOV.UK](#)
- UK Chief Medical Officers [Report](#); suspension of the 15 minute wait for vaccination with mRNA vaccine for COVID-19 14 December 2021
- [Joint Committee on Vaccination and Immunisation \(JCVI\) statement on the COVID-19 vaccination programme for autumn 2023](#), 26 May 2023. Published 8 August 2023
- COVID-19 vaccination programme. Updated 7 March 2023. www.gov.uk/government/collections/covid-19-vaccination-programme
- Training recommendations for COVID-19 vaccinators. Updated 20 October 2022. www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-vaccinator-training-recommendations/training-recommendations-for-covid-19-vaccinators
- National COVID-19 vaccination e-learning programme www.e-lfh.org.uk/programmes/covid-19-vaccination/
- COVID-19 vaccinator competency assessment tool. Updated 20 October 2022. www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-vaccinator-competency-assessment-tool
- COVID-19 vaccination programme: information for healthcare practitioners. Updated 10 October 2022. www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-vaccination-programme-guidance-for-healthcare-practitioners

General

- NHSE Health Technical Memorandum 07-01: Safe Management of Healthcare Waste. NHS England. Updated 7 March 2023 www.england.nhs.uk/publication/management-and-disposal-of-healthcare-waste-hm-07-01/
- NICE Medicines Practice Guideline 2 (MPG2): Patient Group Directions. Published March 2017. www.nice.org.uk/guidance/mpg2
- NICE MPG2 Patient group directions: competency framework for health professionals using patient group directions. Updated March 2017. www.nice.org.uk/guidance/mpg2/resources
- Patient Group Directions: who can use them. Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency. 4 December 2017. www.gov.uk/government/publications/patient-group-directions-pgds/patient-group-directions-who-can-use-them
- UK Statutory Instrument 2012 No. 1916, The Human Medicines Regulations 2012 www.legislation.gov.uk/ukSI/2012/1916/contents
- UK Statutory Instrument 2020 No. 1125, The Human Medicines (Coronavirus and Influenza) (Amendment) Regulations 2020 www.legislation.gov.uk/ukSI/2020/1125/contents/made
- UK Statutory Instrument 2020 No. 1594, The Human Medicines (Coronavirus and Influenza) (Amendment) Regulations 2020 <https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukSI/2020/1594/regulation/4/made>
- Vaccine Incident Guidance: responding to errors in vaccine storage, handling and administration. Updated July 2022.

(continued over page)

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|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Key references (continued) | https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/vaccine-incident-guidance-responding-to-vaccine-errors |
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7. Practitioner authorisation sheet

COVID-19 vaccine (18 years and over) PGD v2.00 Valid from: 7 September 2023 Expiry: 1 April 2024

By signing this Patient Group Direction (PGD) you are indicating that you agree to its contents and that you will work within it.

PGDs do not remove inherent professional obligations or accountability.

It is the responsibility of each professional to practise only within the bounds of their own competence and professional code of conduct.

I confirm that I have read and understood the content of this PGD and that I am willing and competent to work to it within my professional code of conduct.

| Name | Designation | Signature | Date |
|------|-------------|-----------|------|
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Authorising manager

I confirm that the registered healthcare professionals named above have declared themselves suitably trained and competent to work under this PGD. I give authorisation on behalf of

insert name of organisation

for the above named healthcare professionals who have signed the PGD to work under it.

| Name | Designation | Signature | Date |
|------|-------------|-----------|------|
| | | | |

Note to authorising manager

Score through unused rows in the list of practitioners to prevent practitioner additions post managerial authorisation.

This authorisation sheet should be retained to serve as a record of those practitioners authorised to work under this PGD.